Representative Wayne A. Harper proposes the following substitute bill:

1	AMENDMENTS RELATED TO FINANCIAL
2	INSTITUTIONS
3	2003 GENERAL SESSION
4	STATE OF UTAH
5	Sponsor: Jeff Alexander
6	This act modifies the Financial Institutions title to address provisions related to credit
7	unions and mutual associations and to make technical changes. This act addresses voting
8	requirements for mutual associations. This act modifies definitions. The act addresses
9	loan limitations. The act addresses credit union service organizations. This act addresses
10	mergers. The act addresses operations of out-of-state credit unions. The act repeals
11	certain provisions related to fields of membership and grandfathering and modifies other
12	provisions related to fields of membership. This act provides for credit unions becoming
13	nonexempt credit unions. This act modifies corporate franchise and nonexempt income
14	tax provisions to address the taxation of credit unions.
15	This act affects sections of Utah Code Annotated 1953 as follows:
16	AMENDS:
17	7-7-10, as last amended by Chapter 244, Laws of Utah 1985
18	7-9-3, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
19	7-9-5, as last amended by Chapter 116, Laws of Utah 2001
20	7-9-6, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
21	7-9-11, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
22	7-9-12, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
23	7-9-16, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
24	7-9-20, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
25	7-9-26, as last amended by Chapter 182, Laws of Utah 1996



26	7-9-34, as last amended by Chapter 178, Laws of Utah 1994
27	7-9-37, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
28	7-9-39, as last amended by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
29	7-9-46, as last amended by Chapter 49, Laws of Utah 1995
30	7-9-51 , as enacted by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
31	7-9-52 , as enacted by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
32	59-7-101, as last amended by Chapter 76, Laws of Utah 2002
33	59-7-102, as last amended by Chapters 76 and 286, Laws of Utah 2002
34	ENACTS:
35	7-9-55 , Utah Code Annotated 1953
36	REPEALS:
37	7-9-39.5 , as enacted by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
38	7-9-53, as enacted by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
39	7-9-54, as enacted by Chapter 329, Laws of Utah 1999
40	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
41	Section 1. Section 7-7-10 is amended to read:
42	7-7-10. Meetings of mutual association members Voting Notice.
43	(1) (a) An annual meeting of the members of each mutual association shall be held at
44	the time and place fixed in the bylaws of the association.
45	(b) Special meetings may be called as provided in the bylaws.
46	(2) (a) The members entitled to vote at any meeting of the members shall be those who
47	are members of record at the end of the calendar month next preceding the date of the meeting
48	of members, except those who have ceased to be members.
49	(b) The number of votes [which members shall be] that a member is entitled to cast
50	shall be <u>determined</u> in accordance with the books on the date determinative of entitlement to
51	vote.
52	(3) In the determination of all questions requiring action by the members, each member
53	shall be entitled to cast:
54	(a) one vote[, plus an additional vote for each \$100 or fraction thereof of the
55	withdrawal value of savings accounts, if any, held by the member. No member, however, may
56	cast more than 50 votes.]; and

57	(b) any additional vote that the member may cast under the bylaws of the association.
58	(4) [At] (a) (i) Subject to Subsection (4)(a)(ii), at any meeting of the members, voting
59	may be <u>:</u>
60	(A) in person; or
61	(B) by proxy[, but no].
62	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (4)(a)(i), a proxy [shall be] is not eligible to be voted
63	at any meeting unless the proxy has been filed with the secretary of the association, for
64	verification, at least five days before the date of the meeting.
65	(b) Every proxy shall:
66	(i) be in writing [and];
67	(ii) be signed by the member or [his] the member's duly authorized attorney in fact
68	[and, when filed with the secretary, shall, if so specified in the proxy,]; and
69	(iii) continue in force from year to year:
70	(A) when filed with the secretary:
71	(B) if so specified in the proxy; and
72	<u>(C)</u> until <u>:</u>
73	(I) revoked by a writing duly delivered to the secretary; or [until]
74	(II) superseded by subsequent proxies.
75	(5) (a) At an annual meeting or at any special meeting of the members, any number of
76	members present in person or by proxy eligible to be voted constitutes a quorum.
77	(b) A majority of all votes cast at any meeting of members shall determine any
78	question unless this chapter specifically provides otherwise.
79	(6) (a) No notice of annual meetings of members need be given to members. [Notice]
80	(b) Subject to Subsection (6)(c), notice of each special meeting of members shall:
81	(i) state:
82	(A) the purpose for which the meeting is called[7];
83	(B) the place of the meeting[;]; and
84	(C) the time when [it] the meeting shall convene[;]; and [shall]
85	(ii) (A) be published:
86	(I) once a week for two consecutive calendar weeks (in each instance, on any day of the
87	week) before the date on which the special meeting shall convene[-]; and

88	(II) in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in which the home office of the
89	association is located[. In addition to publication of the notice, a copy of the notice shall]; and
90	(B) be posted in a conspicuous place in all offices of the association during the 30 days
91	immediately preceding the date on which the special meeting convenes[; provided, however,
92	that].
93	(c) No notice need be given of a meeting if all the members entitled to vote, vote in
94	favor of an action at [any] the meeting of the members[, no notice need be given].
95	Section 2. Section 7-9-3 is amended to read:
96	7-9-3. Definitions.
97	As used in this chapter:
98	(1) (a) "Association" means a group of persons that:
99	[(a) has a similar:]
100	[(i) interest;]
101	(i) constitute the members of a formal association organized for:
102	(A) an identifiable interest;
103	(B) an identifiable purpose;
104	[(ii)] (C) a specific profession; or
105	[(iii)] (D) a specific occupation; or
106	[(iv) formal association with an identifiable purpose; or]
107	[(b) is] (ii) are employed by a common employer.
108	(b) "Association" does not include a group of persons that is:
109	(i) identified or created primarily on the basis of a relationship between any person
110	and:
111	(A) a consumer;
112	(B) a customer; or
113	(C) a client; or
114	(ii) created primarily for the purpose of expanding the membership in a credit union.
115	(2) "Capital and surplus" means:
116	(a) shares;
117	(b) deposits;
118	(c) reserves; and

119	(d) undivided earnings.
120	(3) "Corporate credit union" means any credit union organized pursuant to any state or
121	federal act for the purpose of serving other credit unions.
122	(4) "Credit union service organization" means a service organization that provides
123	services that are:
124	(a) subject to Subsection (4)(b)(i), permitted by rule made by the commissioner in
125	accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act; and
126	(b) (i) except for the extension of credit by the service organization, limited primarily
127	<u>to:</u>
128	(A) credit unions that hold an ownership interest in the service organization;
129	(B) members of credit unions that hold an ownership interest in the service
130	organization; or
131	(C) members of credit unions that contract with the service organization; and
132	(ii) for purposes of the extension of credit by the service organization, limited to
133	members of a credit union that holds an ownership interest in the service organization.
134	$[\frac{4}{2}]$ (5) "Deposits" means that portion of the capital paid into the credit union by
135	members on which a specified rate of interest will be paid.
136	(6) "[limited field] Field of membership" means persons designated as eligible for
137	credit union membership in accordance with:
138	(a) Section 7-9-51 [or 7-9-53.]; and
139	(b) the bylaws of the credit union.
140	[(5)] (7) "Immediate family" means parents, spouse, surviving spouse, children, and
141	siblings of the member.
142	[(7)] (8) (a) "Member-business loan" means any loan, line of credit, or letter of credit,
143	the proceeds of which will be used for:
144	(i) a commercial purpose;
145	(ii) other business investment property or venture purpose; or
146	(iii) an agricultural purpose.
147	(b) "Member-business loan" does not include an extension of credit:
148	(i) that is fully secured by a lien on a one- to four- family dwelling that is the primary
149	residence of a member;

150	(ii) that is fully secured by:
151	(A) shares or deposits in the credit union making the extension of credit; or
152	(B) deposits in other financial institutions;
153	(iii) the repayment of which is fully insured or fully guaranteed by, or where there is an
154	advance commitment to purchase in full by, an agency of:
155	(A) the federal government;
156	(B) a state; or
157	(C) a political subdivision of a state; or
158	(iv) that is granted by a corporate credit union to another credit union.
159	[(8) "Service center" means a single location at which multiple credit unions can
160	provide products or services directly to their members.]
161	(9) "Nonexempt credit union" means a credit union that is a nonexempt credit union
162	under Section 7-9-55.
163	[(9)] (10) "Share drafts," "deposit drafts," and "transaction accounts" mean accounts
164	from which owners are permitted to make withdrawals by negotiable or transferable
165	instruments or other orders for the purpose of making transfers to other persons or to the
166	owner.
167	$[\frac{(10)}{(11)}]$ "Shares" means that portion of the capital paid into the credit union by
168	members on which dividends may be paid.
169	Section 3. Section 7-9-5 is amended to read:
170	7-9-5. Powers of credit unions.
171	In addition to the powers specified elsewhere in this chapter and subject to any
172	limitations specified elsewhere in this chapter, a credit union may:
173	(1) make contracts;
174	(2) sue and be sued;
175	(3) acquire, lease, or hold fixed assets, including real property, furniture, fixtures, and
176	equipment as the directors consider necessary or incidental to the operation and business of the
177	credit union, but the value of the real property may not exceed 7% of credit union assets, unless
178	approved by the commissioner;
179	(4) pledge, hypothecate, sell, or otherwise dispose of real or personal property, either in
180	whole or in part, necessary or incidental to its operation;

181	(5) incur and pay necessary and incidental operating expenses;
182	(6) require an entrance or membership fee;
183	(7) receive the funds of its members in payment for:
184	(a) shares;
185	(b) share certificates;
186	(c) deposits;
187	(d) deposit certificates;
188	(e) share drafts;
189	(f) NOW accounts; and
190	(g) other instruments;
191	(8) allow withdrawal of shares and deposits, as requested by a member orally to a third
192	party with prior authorization in writing, including, but not limited to, drafts drawn on the
193	credit union for payment to the member or any third party, in accordance with the procedures
194	established by the board of directors, including, but not limited to, drafts, third-party
195	instruments, and other transaction instruments, as provided in the bylaws;
196	(9) charge fees for its services;
197	(10) extend credit to its members, at rates established in accordance with the bylaws or
198	by the board of directors;
199	(11) extend credit secured by real estate;
200	(12) (a) subject to Subsection (12)(b), make co-lending arrangements, including loan
201	participation arrangements [with other credit unions, credit union organizations, or financial
202	organizations], in accordance with written policies of the board of directors[, if] with one or
203	more:
204	(i) other credit unions;
205	(ii) credit union service organizations; or
206	(iii) other financial organizations; and
207	(b) make co-lending arrangements, including loan participation arrangements, in
208	accordance with Subsection (12)(a) subject to the following:
209	(i) the credit union or credit union service organization that originates a loan for which
210	[participation] co-lending arrangements are made [retains] shall retain an interest of at least
211	10% of the loan:

212	(ii) on or after May 5, 2003, the originating credit union or credit union service
213	organization may sell to a credit union an interest in a co-lending arrangement that involves a
214	member-business loan only if the person receiving the member-business loan is a member of
215	the credit union to which the interest is sold; and
216	(iii) on or after May 5, 2003, the originating credit union or credit union service
217	organization may sell to a credit union service organization an interest in a co-lending
218	arrangement that involves a member-business loan only if the person receiving the
219	member-business loan is a member of a credit union that holds an interest in the credit union
220	service organization to which the interest is sold;
221	(13) sell and pledge eligible obligations in accordance with written policies of the
222	board of directors;
223	(14) engage in activities and programs of the federal government or this state or any
224	agency or political subdivision of the state, when approved by the board of directors and not
225	inconsistent with this chapter;
226	(15) act as fiscal agent for and receive payments on shares and deposits from the
227	federal government, this state, or its agencies or political subdivisions not inconsistent with the
228	laws of this state;
229	(16) borrow money and issue evidence of indebtedness for a loan or loans for
230	temporary purposes in the usual course of its operations;
231	(17) discount and sell notes and obligations;
232	(18) sell all or any portion of its assets to another credit union or purchase all or any
233	portion of the assets of another credit union;
234	(19) invest funds as provided in this title and in its bylaws;
235	(20) maintain deposits in insured depository institutions as provided in this title and in
236	its bylaws;
237	(21) (a) hold membership in corporate credit unions organized under this chapter or
238	under other state or federal statutes; and
239	(b) hold membership or equity interest in associations and organizations of credit
240	unions, including credit union service organizations;
241	(22) declare and pay dividends on shares, contract for and pay interest on deposits, and

pay refunds of interest on loans as provided in this title and in its bylaws;

243	(23) collect, receive, and disburse funds in connection with the sale of negotiable or
244	nonnegotiable instruments and for other purposes that provide benefits or convenience to its
245	members, as provided in this title and in its bylaws;
246	(24) make donations for the members' welfare or for civic, charitable, scientific, or
247	educational purposes as authorized by the board of directors or provided in its bylaws;
248	(25) act as trustee of funds permitted by federal law to be deposited in a credit union as
249	a deferred compensation or tax deferred device, including, but not limited to, individual
250	retirement accounts as defined by Section 408, Internal Revenue Code;
251	(26) purchase reasonable accident and health insurance, including accidental death
252	benefits, for directors and committee members through insurance companies licensed in this
253	state as provided in its bylaws;
254	(27) provide reasonable protection through insurance or other means to protect board
255	members, committee members, and employees from liability arising out of consumer
256	legislation such as, but not limited to, truth-in-lending and equal credit laws and as provided in
257	its bylaws;
258	(28) reimburse directors and committee members for reasonable and necessary
259	expenses incurred in the performance of their duties;
260	(29) participate in systems which allow the transfer, withdrawal, or deposit of funds of
261	credit unions or credit union members by automated or electronic means and hold membership
262	in entities established to promote and effectuate these systems, if:
263	(a) the participation is not inconsistent with the law and rules of the department; and
264	(b) any credit union participating in any system notifies the department as provided by
265	law;
266	(30) issue credit cards and debit cards to allow members to obtain access to their
267	shares, deposits, and extensions of credit;
268	(31) provide any act necessary to obtain and maintain membership in the credit union;
269	(32) exercise incidental powers necessary to carry out the purpose for which a credit
270	union is organized;
271	(33) undertake other activities relating to its purpose as its bylaws may provide;
272	(34) engage in other activities, exercise other powers, and enjoy other rights,
273	privileges, benefits, and immunities authorized by rules of the commissioner;

274	(35) act as trustee, custodian, or administrator for Keogh plans, individual retirement
275	accounts, credit union employee pension plans, and other employee benefit programs; and
276	(36) advertise to the general public the products and services offered by the credit
277	union if the advertisement prominently discloses that to use the products or services of the
278	credit union a person is required to:
279	(a) be eligible for membership in the credit union; and
280	(b) become a member of the credit union.
281	Section 4. Section 7-9-6 is amended to read:
282	7-9-6. Formation of corporation to conduct credit union Approval of
283	commissioner.
284	(1) (a) Ten or more incorporators belonging to the same group of 200 persons or more
285	having a [limited] field of membership may, with the approval of the commissioner, form a
286	corporation to conduct a credit union under:
287	(i) this chapter;
288	(ii) Title 16, Chapter 10a, Utah Revised Business Corporation Act; and
289	(iii) Chapter 1, General Provisions.
290	(b) This chapter takes precedence over conflicting provisions of other state law
291	governing:
292	(i) the formation of the corporation; and
293	(ii) the duties and obligations of:
294	(A) the corporation;
295	(B) the corporation's officers; and
296	(C) the corporation's shareholders or members.
297	(2) The commissioner may grant the approval referenced in Subsection (1) if the
298	commissioner finds that:
299	(a) the proposed [limited] field of membership is favorable to the success of the credit
300	union;
301	(b) the standing of the proposed membership will give assurance that its affairs will be
302	administered in accordance with this chapter;
303	(c) the proposed credit union has a reasonable promise of financial viability; and
304	(d) formation of the credit union would not result in a substantial adverse financial

305	impact on an existing credit union having the same or substantially the same [limited] field of
306	membership.
307	(3) (a) Except as provided in Subsection (3)(b) and in addition to the requirements of
308	Subsections (1) and (2), Section 7-1-704 governs the formation of a credit union.
309	(b) Notwithstanding Subsection (3)(a):
310	(i) if the proposed credit union has a [limited] field of membership that does not base
311	eligibility on residence in a county, the persons seeking formation of the proposed credit union
312	are not required to provide the notice required under Subsection 7-1-704(3); and
313	(ii) a credit union may not be required to obtain federal insurance if the credit union
314	complies with Subsection 7-9-45(2).
315	Section 5. Section 7-9-11 is amended to read:
316	7-9-11. Bylaws and amendments to be approved.
317	(1) A credit union may not receive payments on shares, deposits, or certificates, or
318	make any loans or other transactions, until its bylaws have been approved in writing by the
319	commissioner.
320	(2) An amendment to a credit union's bylaws does not become operative until the
321	amendment to the bylaws is approved by the commissioner.
322	(3) (a) If the amendment to the bylaws of a credit union expands the [limited] field of
323	membership of a credit union as described in Subsection 7-9-52(1), the commissioner's
324	approval of the amendment is subject to Section 7-9-52.
325	[(b) If the amendment to the bylaws of a credit union terminates the grandfathering of a
326	limited field of membership under Section 7-9-54, the commissioner's approval of the
327	amendment is subject to Section 7-9-54.]
328	[(c)] (b) If the bylaws or an amendment to the bylaws of a credit union adds an
329	association to the [limited] field of membership of the credit union, the commissioner may
330	require that the credit union provide written confirmation from the association that the
331	association has agreed to be served by the credit union.
332	Section 6. Section 7-9-12 is amended to read:
333	7-9-12. Contents of bylaws.
334	The bylaws of a credit union shall specify at least the following:
335	(1) the name of the credit union:

336	(2) the purpose for which [it] the credit union was formed;
337	(3) a [limited] field of membership of the credit union that complies with Section
338	7-9-51 [or 7-9-53];
339	(4) the number of directors and procedures for their election;
340	(5) the term of directors;
341	(6) whether a credit manager, credit committee, or combination of both shall be
342	responsible for credit functions of the credit union;
343	(7) the duties of the officers;
344	(8) the time of year of the annual meeting of members;
345	(9) the manner in which members shall be notified of meetings;
346	(10) the number of members which shall constitute a quorum at meetings;
347	(11) the manner of amending;
348	(12) the manner in which officers may act as surety; and
349	(13) such other matters, rules, and regulations as the board of directors consider
350	necessary.
351	Section 7. Section 7-9-16 is amended to read:
352	7-9-16. Members Eligibility Liability Grounds for closing account Denial
353	of membership.
354	(1) A person within the [limited] field of membership of a credit union may be admitted
355	to membership, upon:
356	(a) payment of any required entrance or membership fee;
357	(b) payment for one or more shares; and
358	(c) compliance with this chapter and the bylaws of the credit union.
359	(2) A member who is eligible for membership in a credit union at the time the member
360	is admitted as a member but who is no longer in the [limited] field of membership of the credit
361	union may retain membership in the credit union unless otherwise provided in the bylaws of
362	the credit union.
363	(3) A member of the credit union may not be held personally or individually liable for
364	payment of the credit union's debts.
365	(4) The credit union may close the account of any member whose actions have resulted
366	in any financial loss to the credit union.

367	(5) Denial of membership is not considered a denial of credit.
368	Section 8. Section 7-9-20 is amended to read:
369	7-9-20. Board of directors Powers and duties Loan limitations.
370	(1) At annual meetings the members shall elect from their number a board of directors
371	consisting of an odd number of not less than five members.
372	(2) The bylaws may provide balloting by:
373	(a) mail;
374	(b) ballot box; or
375	(c) both mail and ballot box.
376	(3) Voting may not be by proxy.
377	(4) Members of the board of directors shall hold office for the terms prescribed in the
378	bylaws.
379	(5) The board of directors shall meet at least monthly.
380	(6) The board of directors shall have the general management of the affairs, funds, and
381	records of the credit union. In particular, the board of directors shall:
382	(a) act upon applications for membership;
383	(b) act upon expulsion of members;
384	(c) fix the amount of surety bond required of each officer or employee having custody
385	of funds;
386	(d) determine the rate of interest or dividend allowed on shares and deposits;
387	(e) determine the terms and conditions of credit granted to members;
388	(f) lend money, borrow money, and pledge security for any borrowing;
389	(g) fill vacancies in the board of directors or in the credit committee, if applicable, or in
390	the supervisory committee until the election and qualification of officers to fill those vacancies;
391	(h) appoint up to two alternate directors as provided in the bylaws;
392	(i) fix the amount of the entrance fee;
393	(j) declare dividends and their amount;
394	(k) make recommendations to meetings of the members relative to amendments to the
395	articles of incorporation, and transact any other business of the credit union; and
396	(l) fix the maximum amount of credit, secured and unsecured, that may be extended to
397	any one member, up to the limitations described in [Subsection] Subsections (7) and (8).

398	(7) (a) The credit that may be outstanding or available by a credit union at any one time
399	is subject to the limitations described in [Subsections] this Subsection (7)[(b) and (c)]:
400	(i) except as provided in Subsection [(7)(d) through (7)(f); and] (8); and
401	(ii) except that the board of directors may:
402	(A) set a lower limit than the limit in Subsection (7)(b)(i) or (7)(b)(ii)(B); or
403	(B) require that a person described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(A) be a member of the
404	credit union for more than six months before the date a member-business loan is extended.
405	(b) (i) A credit union may not extend credit that is not a member-business loan to a
406	member if as a result of that extension of credit the total credit that is not a member-business
407	loan that the credit union has issued to that member exceeds at any one time:
408	(A) for a credit union with less than \$2,000,000 in capital and surplus, the greater of:
409	(I) \$1,000; or
410	(II) 15% of capital and surplus up to a total of \$25,000; or
411	(B) for a credit union with \$2,000,000 or more in capital and surplus, the greater of:
412	(I) \$25,000;
413	(II) 1% of capital and surplus; or
414	(III) 25% of the regular reserve.
415	(ii) Beginning March 24, 1999, a credit union may not extend a member-business loan
416	to a person:
417	(A) (I) if the person is a business entity, unless at least one individual having a
418	controlling interest in that business entity has been a member of the credit union for at least six
419	months prior to the date of the extension of the member-business loan; or
420	(II) if the person is an individual, unless the individual is a member of the credit union
421	for at least six months prior to the date of the extension of the member-business loan; or
422	(B) if as a result of the extension of the member-business loan, the total amount
423	outstanding for all member-business loans that the credit union has extended to that person at
424	any one time exceeds the lesser of:
425	(I) 10% of the credit union's capital and surplus; or
426	(II) [\$250,000] <u>\$500,000</u> .
427	(c) (i) Beginning March 24, 1999, a credit union may not extend a member-business
428	loan if as a result of that member-business loan the credit union's aggregate member-business

429	loan amount calculated under Subsection (7)(c)(ii) at any one time exceeds 1.25 times the sum
430	of:
431	(A) the actual undivided earnings; and
432	(B) the actual reserves other than the regular reserves.
433	(ii) For purposes of Subsection (7)(c)(i), the aggregate member-business loan amount
434	of a credit union equals:
435	(A) the sum of the total amount financed under all member-business loans outstanding
436	at the credit union; minus
437	(B) the amount of the member-business loans described in Subsection (7)(c)(ii)(A):
438	(I) that is secured by share or deposit savings in the credit union; or
439	(II) for which the repayment is insured or guaranteed by, or there is an advance
440	commitment to purchase by an agency of the federal government, a state, or a political
441	subdivision of the state.
442	(d) (i) A credit union service organization may extend credit to a member of a credit
443	union holding an ownership interest in the credit union service organization only if the credit
444	union in which the person is a member is not prohibited from extending that credit to that
445	member under this Subsection (7) and Subsection (8).
446	(ii) For purposes of determining whether under this Subsection (7) and Subsection (8) a
447	credit union may extend credit, the total amount outstanding of credit extended by a credit
448	union service organization to a person shall be treated as if the credit was extended by the
449	credit union in which the person is a member.
450	(iii) If a person seeking an extension of credit from a credit union service organization
451	is a member of more than one credit union holding an ownership interest in the credit union
452	service organization, the person shall specify the credit union to which the extension of credit
453	is attributed under Subsection (7)(d)(ii).
454	(iv) This Subsection (7)(d) effects only an extension of credit:
455	(A) that is extended on or after May 5, 2003; and
456	(B) by:
457	(I) a credit union service organization; or
458	(II) a credit union organized under this chapter.
459	[(d)] (8) (a) A credit union may extend credit that is not a member-business loan in an

160	amount that exceeds the limits described in Subsection (7)(b)(1) only if the excess portion is
461	fully secured by share or deposit savings in the credit union.
462	[(e)] (b) (i) Except as provided in Subsection [(7)(e)] (8)(b)(ii), a credit union may
463	extend a member-business loan in an amount that exceeds the limits described in Subsection
164	(7)(b)(ii)(B) only if:
465	(A) that portion that is in excess of the limits described in Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(B) is
166	secured by share or deposit savings in the credit union; or
1 67	(B) the repayment of that portion that is in excess of the limits described in Subsectio
468	(7)(b)(ii)(B) is insured or guaranteed by, or there is an advance commitment to purchase that
1 69	excess portion by, an agency of:
470	(I) the federal government;
471	(II) a state; or
172	(III) a political subdivision of the state.
173	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection [(7)(e)] (8)(b)(i), a credit union may not extend a
174	member-business loan if the total amount financed by the credit union exceeds \$1,000,000.
175	[(f)] <u>(c)</u> For a member-business loan that is extended through a loan participation
476	arrangement in accordance with Subsection 7-9-5(12):
177	(i) in applying the limitation of Subsection $[\frac{(7)(e)}{(8)(b)}]$, each credit union
178	participating in the member-business loan may extend up to \$1,000,000 of the amount
179	financed; and
480	(ii) the requirement of Subsection (7)(b)(ii)(A) applies to membership in any credit
481	union that participates in the loan participation arrangement for the member-business loan.
182	[(8)] (9) As provided in this chapter or in the credit union bylaws, the board of
183	directors:
184	(a) within 30 days following the annual meeting of the members, shall appoint a
485	supervisory committee consisting of not less than three members;
486	(b) within 30 days after the annual meeting of the members, shall appoint:
187	(i) a credit committee consisting of not less than three members; or
488	(ii) a credit manager in lieu of a credit committee;
189	(c) shall appoint a president to serve as general manager;
1 90	(d) shall have an executive committee:

491	(e) may appoint an investment officer;
492	(f) shall elect a secretary;
493	(g) may appoint other officers and committees that it considers necessary;
494	(h) shall establish written credit policies, loan security requirements, loan investment,
495	personnel, and collection policies; and
496	(i) on or before January 31 of each year, shall provide for:
497	(i) share insurance for the shares and deposits of the credit union from the National
498	Credit Union Administration or successor federal agency; or
499	(ii) security expressly pledged for the payment of the shares and deposits in accordance
500	with Section 7-9-45.
501	[(9)] (10) A person may not be a member of more than one committee except as
502	otherwise provided in this chapter or in the credit union bylaws.
503	[(10)] (11) The president and secretary may not be the same person.
504	Section 9. Section 7-9-26 is amended to read:
505	7-9-26. Loans to members Investment officers Investments.
506	(1) [The] Subject to Subsections 7-9-20(7) and (8), capital and surplus of the credit
507	union shall be loaned to the members for the purposes and upon the endorsements or security
508	and the terms as the bylaws provide.
509	(2) Within 30 days after the annual meeting of the members the board of directors may
510	appoint one or more investment officers who shall have responsibilities for the credit union
511	investment portfolio based upon policy established by the board of directors and as provided in
512	this chapter or in the bylaws.
513	(3) The credit union by action of its board of directors may invest its funds as follows:
514	(a) in securities, obligations, or other instruments of, or issued by, or fully guaranteed
515	as to principal and interest by, the United States of America or any of its agencies, or in any
516	trusts established by investing directly or collectively in these instruments;
517	(b) in obligations of any state of the United States, the District of Columbia, the
518	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and the territories organized by Congress, or any of their
519	political subdivisions;
520	(c) in certificates of deposit or accounts issued by a federally insured state or national
521	depository institution;

522	(d) in loans to, or in shares or deposits of, other federally insured credit unions, central
523	credit unions, corporate credit unions, or a central liquidity facility established under state or
524	federal law;
525	(e) in shares, stocks, loans, or other obligations of any organization, corporation, or
526	association, if the membership or ownership of the organization, corporation, or association is
527	primarily confined or restricted to credit unions, and if the purpose for which it is organized is
528	to strengthen or advance the development of credit unions or credit union organizations; and
529	(f) in other investments that are reasonable and prudent.
530	Section 10. Section 7-9-34 is amended to read:
531	7-9-34. Tax exemption of credit unions.
532	(1) Except as [otherwise] provided in [this section] Subsection (2), a credit [unions]
533	union organized under this chapter [or prior law are] is exempt from [taxation] Title 59,
534	Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes.
535	[(2) Any real property or any tangible personal property owned by the credit union
536	shall be subject to taxation to the same extent as other similar property is taxed.]
537	[(3) For purposes of the corporate tax, credit unions shall be governed by Section
538	59-7-102.]
539	[(4) This section does not exempt credit unions from sales or use taxes, or fees owed to
540	the department in accordance with this title and rules of the department.]
541	(2) In accordance with Section 59-7-102, a nonexempt credit union is subject to Title
542	59, Chapter 7, Corporate Franchise and Income Taxes:
543	(a) beginning on the first day of the month immediately following the day on which the
544	credit union becomes a nonexempt credit union under Section 7-9-55; and
545	(b) ending the last day of the month in which the commissioner determines in
546	accordance with Section 7-9-55 that the nonexempt credit union is no longer a nonexempt
547	<u>credit union.</u>
548	Section 11. Section 7-9-37 is amended to read:
549	7-9-37. Transfer of members of dissolved, merged, consolidated, transferred, or
550	acquired credit union.
551	Members of a dissolved, merged, consolidated, transferred, or acquired credit union
552	may become members of another existing credit union with a related [limited] field of

553	membership as approved by the commissioner.
554	Section 12. Section 7-9-39 is amended to read:
555	7-9-39. Voluntary merger.
556	(1) Any credit union may merge with another credit union under the existing charter of
557	the other credit union when all of the following have occurred:
558	(a) the majority of the directors of each merging credit union votes in favor of the
559	merger plan;
560	(b) the commissioner approves the merger plan;
561	(c) the majority of the members of each merging credit union present at a meeting
562	called for the purpose of considering the merger plan votes to approve the merger plan, but a
563	vote of the membership of the surviving credit union is not required if its board of directors
564	determines that the merger will not have any significant effect on the organization,
565	membership, or financial condition of the credit union; and
566	(d) (i) the National Credit Union Administration or its successor federal deposit
567	insurance agency approves the merger plan and commits to insure deposits of the surviving
568	credit union; or
569	(ii) the commissioner approves the surviving credit union to operate without federal
570	deposit insurance in accordance with Section 7-9-45.
571	(2) Upon merger, the chair of the board and secretary of each credit union shall
572	execute, and file with the department, a certificate of merger setting forth:
573	(a) the time and place of the meeting of the board of directors at which the plan was
574	approved;
575	(b) the vote by which the directors approved the plan;
576	(c) a copy of the resolution or other action by which the plan was approved;
577	(d) the time and place of the meeting of the members at which the plan was approved;
578	(e) the vote by which the members approved the plan; and
579	(f) the effective date of the merger, which shall be:
580	(i) the date on which the last approval or vote required under Subsection (1) was
581	obtained; or
582	(ii) a later date specified in the merger plan.
583	(3) On the effective date of any merger:

584 (a) all property, property rights, and interests of the merged credit union shall vest in 585 the surviving credit union without deed, endorsement, or other instrument of transfer; and 586 (b) all debts, obligations, and liabilities of the merged credit union are considered to 587 have been assumed by the surviving credit union. 588 [(4) Except as provided in Subsection (5)(b), if the surviving credit union is chartered 589 under this chapter, the residents of a county in the limited field of membership of the merging 590 credit union may not be added to the limited field of membership of the surviving credit union, 591 except that the surviving credit union: [(a) may admit as a member any member of the merging credit union that is not in the 592 593 limited field of membership of the surviving credit union if the member of the merging credit 594 union was a member of that credit union at the time of merger; and] 595 (b) may service any member-business loan of the merging credit union until the 596 member-business loan is paid in full. 597 [(5) (a)] (4) This section shall be interpreted, whenever possible, to permit a credit 598 union chartered under this chapter to merge with a credit union chartered under any other law if 599 the preservation of membership interest is concerned. 600 [(b) The commissioner may under Subsection (1)(b) approve a merger plan that 601 includes the addition of the residents of a county in the limited field of membership of the 602 merging credit union to the limited field of membership of the surviving credit union if the 603 commissioner finds that: 604 (i) the expansion of the limited field of membership of the surviving credit union is 605 necessary for that credit union's safety and soundness; and] 606 (ii) the expanded limited field of membership of the surviving credit union meets the 607 criteria stated in Subsection 7-9-52(3)(c).] 608 [(6) If the commissioner approves a merger plan under Subsection (5)(b) under which 609 the surviving credit union's limited field of membership after the merger will include residents 610 of more than one county, Subsections (6)(a) through (e) apply to the surviving credit union.] 611 [(a) The domicile-county of the surviving credit union is:] 612 (i) if the credit union does not have a limited field of membership under Subsection 613 7-9-53(2)(c) or (2)(d), the county in which the credit union has located the greatest number of 614 branches as of the date the merger is effective; or

615	[(ii) if the credit union has a limited field of membership under Subsection
616	7-9-53(2)(c) or (2)(d), the county that is the domicile-county of the surviving credit union
617	under Section 7-9-53;]
618	[(b) Within the surviving credit union's domicile-county, the surviving credit union
619	may establish, relocate, or otherwise change the physical location of the credit union's:]
620	[(i) main office; or]
621	[(ii) branch.]
622	[(c) Within a county other than the domicile-county that is in the limited field of
623	membership of the surviving credit union after the merger, the surviving credit union may not:]
624	[(i) establish a main office or branch if the main office or branch was not located in the
625	county as of the date that the merger is effective;]
626	[(ii) participate in a service center in which it does not participate as of the date that the
627	merger is effective; or]
628	[(iii) relocate the surviving credit union's main office or a branch located in the county
629	as of the date that the merger is effective unless the commissioner finds that the main office or
630	branch is being relocated within a three-mile radius of the original location of the main office
631	or branch.]
632	[(d) After the merger, the surviving credit union may admit as a member:]
633	[(i) a person in the surviving credit union's limited field of membership after the date
634	that the merger is effective; or]
635	[(ii) a person belonging to an association that:]
636	[(A) is added to the limited field of membership of the credit union; and]
637	[(B) resides in the domicile-county of the surviving credit union, as defined in Section
638	7-9-53.]
639	[(e) In addition to any requirement under this Subsection (6), a surviving credit union
640	shall comply with any requirement under this title for the establishment, relocation, or change
641	in the physical location of a main office or branch of a credit union.]
642	Section 13. Section 7-9-46 is amended to read:
643	7-9-46. Out-of-state credit unions Authorization to do business in state
644	Supervision Examination.
645	(1) As used in this section "out-of-state credit union" means any credit union whose

646	home state is not Utah.
647	(2) An out-of-state credit union may maintain a branch in this state only if:
648	(a) maintaining the Utah branch is permissible under applicable law, including
649	Sections 7-1-702 and 7-1-708 in the case of a state chartered credit union; [and]
650	(b) the branch has been authorized by:
651	(i) the department and the chartering authority of the credit union's home state in the
652	case of a state chartered credit union; or
653	(ii) the National Credit Union Administration or successor agency in the case of a
654	federally chartered credit union[-]; and
655	(c) the branch will not serve a member of the out-of-state credit union who is a
656	member of the credit union based solely on the member residing in a geographic area located in
657	whole or in part in Utah.
658	(3) The commissioner may examine and supervise all out-of-state credit unions with a
659	branch in the state, except federal credit unions, in the same manner as the commissioner
660	examines and supervises credit unions in this state.
661	Section 14. Section 7-9-51 is amended to read:
662	7-9-51. Field of membership.
663	(1) [Except as provided in Subsection (3), the limited] The field of membership of a
664	credit union may include only the following:
665	(a) the immediate family of a member of the credit union;
666	(b) the employees of the credit union;
667	(c) residents of [a single county] one or more counties; [and]
668	(d) one or more associations[:]; and
669	(e) if approved by the commissioner in accordance with Subsection 7-9-52(5),
670	residents of:
671	(i) a city of the third class as classified in Section 10-2-301; or
672	(ii) a town as classified in Section 10-2-301.
673	(2) A credit union may have a [limited] field of membership that is more restrictive
674	than the [limited] field of membership described in Subsection (1).
675	[(3) A credit union may have a limited field of membership that is less restrictive than
676	the limited field of membership described in Subsection (1) if the limited field of membership

677	of the credit union:
678	[(a) is determined under Subsection 7-9-53(2)(c) or (2)(d);]
679	[(b) is approved by the commissioner after a merger under Subsection 7-9-39(5); or]
680	[(c) is permitted by the commissioner after a merger in accordance with Section
681	7-9-39.5.]
682	[(4) If a credit union includes the residents of one county in its limited field of
683	membership, the credit union may not change its limited field of membership to include a
684	different county than the county that is first included in the limited field of membership of the
685	credit union.]
686	Section 15. Section 7-9-52 is amended to read:
687	7-9-52. Expansion of a field of membership.
688	(1) The commissioner shall comply with Subsection (2) if the commissioner receives a
689	request to approve an amendment to the bylaws of a credit union that expands the credit union's
690	[limited] field of membership to include:
691	(a) residents of [one] <u>a</u> county; [or]
692	(b) an association consisting of 50 or more persons[-]; or
693	(c) subject to the requirements of Subsection (5), residents of:
694	(i) a city of the third class as classified in Section 10-2-301; or
695	(ii) a town as classified in Section 10-2-301.
696	(2) If the conditions of Subsection (1) are met, the commissioner shall:
697	(a) give notice of the request in the manner and to the extent the commissioner
698	considers appropriate to institutions subject to the jurisdiction of the department that:
699	(i) are located in the county, if the [limited] field of membership is being expanded to
700	include residents of a county; [or]
701	(ii) serve or may serve the association described in Subsection (1)(b), if that association
702	is being added to the [limited] field of membership; [and] or
703	(iii) are located in the county in which a city or town described in Subsection (1)(c) is
704	located, if the field of membership is being expanded to include residents of the city or town;
705	<u>and</u>
706	(b) cause a supervisor to examine and submit written findings and recommendations to
707	the commissioner as to:

/08	(1) whether the credit union is adequately capitalized;
709	(ii) whether the credit union has the financial capacity to serve the financial needs of
710	the expanded [limited] field of membership in a safe and sound manner;
711	(iii) whether the credit union has the managerial expertise to serve the financial needs
712	of the expanded [limited] field of membership in a safe and sound manner;
713	(iv) any potential harm the expansion of the [limited] field of membership may have on
714	the institutions described in Subsection (2)(a); and
715	(v) the probable beneficial effect of the expansion.
716	(3) The commissioner may approve the amendment to the bylaws described in
717	Subsection (1) if the commissioner:
718	(a) has given the notice required under Subsection (2)(a);
719	(b) received the written findings and recommendations of the supervisor under
720	Subsection (2)(b); and
721	(c) finds that:
722	(i) the credit union is adequately capitalized;
723	(ii) the credit union has the financial capacity to serve the financial needs of the
724	expanded [limited] field of membership in a safe and sound manner;
725	(iii) the credit union has the managerial expertise to serve the financial needs of the
726	expanded [limited] field of membership in a safe and sound manner; and
727	(iv) any potential harm the expansion of the [limited] field of membership may have on
728	other institutions subject to the jurisdiction of the department does not clearly outweigh the
729	probable beneficial effect of the expansion.
730	(4) In accordance with Section 7-1-309, the commissioner may hold a hearing on the
731	expansion of a credit union's [limited] field of membership.
732	[(5) This section may not be interpreted to permit a credit union to:]
733	[(a) expand its limited field of membership to include residents of more than one
734	county; or]
735	[(b) change the county included in the limited field of membership of a credit union, if
736	any.]
737	(5) If the commissioner receives a request to approve an amendment to the bylaws of a
738	credit union that expands the credit union's field of membership to include residents of a city or

139	town described in Subsection (1)(c), before approving the expanded field of membership, in
740	addition to the requirements of Subsection (2), the commissioner shall:
741	(a) require that a supervisor examine and submit written findings and recommendations
742	to the commissioner as to:
743	(i) whether more than one depository institution is located within a reasonable distance
744	from the city or town described in Subsection (1)(c); and
745	(ii) whether in light of the demographics of the city or town described in Subsection
746	(1)(c) there would be a probable beneficial effect on the availability, efficiency, and
747	profitability of financial services in the city or town described in Subsection (1)(c); and
748	(b) find that:
749	(i) there exists no more than one depository institution within a reasonable distance
750	from the city or town described in Subsection (1)(c); and
751	(ii) in light of the demographics of the city or town described in Subsection (1)(c) there
752	would be a probable beneficial effect on the availability, efficiency, and profitability of
753	financial services in the city or town described in Subsection (1)(c).
754	Section 16. Section 7-9-55 is enacted to read:
755	7-9-55. Nonexempt credit unions.
756	(1) For purposes of this section, "related credit unions" means two or more credit
757	unions:
758	<u>(a) that:</u>
759	(i) each have a main office in this state; and
760	(ii) are established in whole or in part with assets from a credit union that as of May 5,
761	2003, has a field of membership that includes all residents of two or more counties; and
762	<u>(b) if:</u>
763	(i) the names of the two or more credit unions include one or more similar words,
764	except for "credit union"; or
765	(ii) the two or more credit unions hold an ownership interest in an association or
766	organization described in Subsection 7-9-5(21) except for:
767	(A) a corporate credit union;
768	(B) a trade association; or
769	(C) an association representing credit unions generally.

770	(2) (a) A credit union organized under this chapter is a nonexempt credit union under
	
771	this section on the day on which:
772	(i) if the credit union is not a related credit union:
773	(A) the credit union files a quarterly report in accordance with Section 7-1-317 on or
774	after the date described in Subsection (2)(c), if the quarterly report is the second consecutive
775	quarterly report that shows that the assets of the credit union equal or exceed \$100,000,000;
776	<u>and</u>
777	(B) on or after May 5, 2003, the credit union has a field of membership that includes
778	all residents of two or more counties; or
779	(ii) the related credit union files a quarterly report in accordance with Section 7-1-317
780	on or after the date described in Subsection (2)(c), if the quarterly report is the second
781	consecutive quarterly report that shows assets that if aggregated with the assets of all related
782	credit unions equal or exceed \$100,000,000.
783	(b) For purposes of Subsection (1)(a)(ii) or (2)(a)(i)(B) only:
784	(i) residents of a county that is added to the field of membership of a credit union as a
785	result of a supervisory action under Chapter 2 or 19 are not considered to be within the field of
786	membership of that credit union; and
787	(ii) residents of a city of the third class or town that are added to the field of
788	membership of a credit union in accordance with Section 7-9-52 are not considered to be
789	within the field of membership of that credit union unless all residents of the county in which
790	that city or town are located are included in the field of membership of the credit union.
791	(c) (i) In determining whether two consecutive quarterly reports meeting the
792	requirements of Subsection (2)(a) have been filed, a credit union shall include quarterly reports
793	filed by the credit union in accordance with Section 7-1-317 on or after January 1, 2003.
794	(ii) If by including in accordance with this Subsection (2)(c) quarterly reports filed on
795	or after January 1, 2003 the credit union would become a nonexempt credit union under
796	Subsection (2)(a) on a day before May 5, 2003, that credit union becomes a nonexempt credit
797	union on May 5, 2003.
798	(d) (i) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(d)(ii) and beginning with calendar year
799	2005, for each calendar year the amount of assets required under Subsection (2)(a) for a credit
800	union to become a nonexempt credit union shall increase or decrease by a percentage equal to

801	the percentage difference between:
802	(A) the consumer price index for the preceding calendar year; and
803	(B) the consumer price index for calendar year 2003.
804	(ii) Notwithstanding Subsection (2)(d)(i), the amount of assets required under
805	Subsection (2)(a) may not decrease below \$100,000,000.
806	(iii) For purposes of this Subsection (2)(d), the consumer price index shall be
807	calculated as provided in Sections (1)(f)(4) and (1)(f)(5), Internal Revenue Code.
808	(iv) On or before January 31 of each year beginning with calendar year 2005, the
809	commissioner shall notify credit unions organized under this chapter of the amount of assets
810	required under Subsection (2)(a) as adjusted by the consumer price index in accordance with
811	this Subsection (2)(d).
812	(v) In determining whether a quarterly report shows that a credit union has assets that
813	equal or exceed the amount required by Subsection (2)(a), the amount required under
814	Subsection (2)(a) shall be the amount adjusted by the consumer price index in accordance with
815	this Subsection (2)(d) for the calendar year in which the quarter occurred.
816	(3) (a) If a credit union becomes a nonexempt credit union under this section, the
817	nonexempt credit union is a nonexempt credit union until the sooner of:
818	(i) the day on which the nonexempt credit union is no longer a credit union organized
819	under this chapter; or
820	(ii) the day on which the commissioner in accordance with Subsection (3)(b) issues an
821	order finding that the nonexempt credit union is no longer a nonexempt credit union.
822	(b) The commissioner shall issue an order finding that a nonexempt credit union is no
823	longer nonexempt if:
824	(i) the nonexempt credit union files a request with the commissioner requesting that the
825	commissioner find that the credit union is no longer a nonexempt credit union; and
826	(ii) (A) the nonexempt credit union shows that for one fiscal year the assets of the
827	credit union as shown on the quarterly reports filed in accordance with Section 7-1-317 are at
828	least 30% below the amount of assets required under Subsection (2)(a); or
829	(B) the nonexempt credit union is subject to supervisory action under:
830	(I) Chapter 2, Possession of Depository Institution by Commissioner; or
831	(II) Chapter 19, Acquisition of Failing Depository Institutions and Holding Companies.

832	(c) A credit union that is no longer exempt under this Subsection (3) may become a
833	nonexempt credit union beginning on the day on which after the order described in Subsection
834	(3)(b) is issued:
835	(i) if the commissioner issued the order on the basis of Subsection (3)(b)(i), the credit
836	union meets the requirements of Subsection (2); or
837	(ii) if the commissioner issued the order on the basis of Subsection (3)(b)(ii), the
838	commissioner notifies the credit union in writing that the credit union is no longer subject to
839	the supervisory action described in Subsection (3)(b)(ii)(B).
840	Section 17. Section 59-7-101 is amended to read:
841	59-7-101. Definitions.
842	As used in this chapter:
843	(1) "Adjusted income" means unadjusted income as modified by Sections 59-7-105
844	and 59-7-106.
845	(2) (a) "Affiliated group" means one or more chains of corporations that are connected
846	through stock ownership with a common parent corporation that meet the following
847	requirements:
848	(i) at least 80% of the stock of each of the corporations in the group, excluding the
849	common parent corporation, is owned by one or more of the other corporations in the group;
850	and
851	(ii) the common parent directly owns at least 80% of the stock of at least one of the
852	corporations in the group.
853	(b) "Affiliated group" does not include corporations that are qualified to do business
854	but are not otherwise doing business in this state.
855	(c) For purposes of this Subsection (2), "stock" does not include nonvoting stock which
856	is limited and preferred as to dividends.
857	(3) "Apportionable income" means adjusted income less nonbusiness income net of
858	related expenses, to the extent included in adjusted income.
859	(4) "Apportioned income" means apportionable income multiplied by the
860	apportionment fraction as determined in Section 59-7-311.
861	(5) "Business income" means income as defined in Section 59-7-302.
862	(6) "Corporate return" or "return" includes a combined report.

863 (7) (a) "Common ownership" means the direct or indirect control or ownership of more than 50% of the outstanding voting stock of: 864 865 (i) a parent-subsidiary controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue 866 Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%; 867 (ii) a brother-sister controlled group as defined in Section 1563, Internal Revenue 868 Code, except that 50% shall be substituted for 80%; or 869 (iii) three or more corporations each of which is a member of a group of corporations 870 described in Subsection (2)(a)(i) or (2)(a)(ii), and one of which is: 871 (A) a common parent corporation included in a group of corporations described in 872 Subsection (2)(a)(i); and 873 (B) included in a group of corporations described in Subsection (2)(a)(ii). 874 (b) Ownership of outstanding voting stock shall be determined by Section 1563, 875 Internal Revenue Code. 876 (8) "Corporation" includes: 877 (a) entities defined as corporations under Sections 7701(a) and 7704, Internal Revenue 878 Code; and 879 (b) other organizations that are taxed as corporations for federal income tax purposes 880 under the Internal Revenue Code. 881 (9) "Dividend" means any distribution, including money or other type of property, 882 made by a corporation to its shareholders out of its earnings or profits accumulated after 883 December 31, 1930. 884 (10) (a) "Doing business" includes any transaction in the course of its business by a 885 domestic corporation, or by a foreign corporation qualified to do or doing intrastate business in 886 this state. 887 (b) Except as provided in Subsection 59-7-102(2), "doing business" includes: 888 (i) the right to do business through incorporation or qualification; 889 (ii) the owning, renting, or leasing of real or personal property within this state; and 890 (iii) the participation in joint ventures, working and operating agreements, the 891 performance of which takes place in this state. 892 (11) "Domestic corporation" means a corporation that is incorporated or organized 893 under the laws of this state.

894	(12) (a) "Farmers' cooperative" means an association, corporation, or other
895	organization that is:
896	(i) (A) an association, corporation, or other organization of:
897	(I) farmers; or
898	(II) fruit growers; or
899	(B) an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to an association,
900	corporation, or organization described in Subsection (12)(a)(i)(A); and
901	(ii) organized and operated on a cooperative basis to:
902	(A) (I) market the products of members of the cooperative or the products of other
903	producers; and
904	(II) return to the members of the cooperative or other producers the proceeds of sales
905	less necessary marketing expenses on the basis of the quantity of the products of a member or
906	producer or the value of the products of a member or producer; or
907	(B) (I) purchase supplies and equipment for the use of members of the cooperative or
908	other persons; and
909	(II) turn over the supplies and equipment described in Subsection (12)(a)(ii)(B)(I) at
910	actual costs plus necessary expenses to the members of the cooperative or other persons.
911	(b) (i) Subject to Subsection (12)(b)(ii), for purposes of this Subsection (12), the
912	commission by rule, made in accordance with Title 63, Chapter 46a, Utah Administrative
913	Rulemaking Act, shall define:
914	(A) the terms:
915	(I) "member"; and
916	(II) "producer"; and
917	(B) what constitutes an association, corporation, or other organization that is similar to
918	an association, corporation, or organization described in Subsection (12)(a)(i)(A).
919	(ii) The rules made under this Subsection (12)(b) shall be consistent with the filing
920	requirements under federal law for a farmers' cooperative.
921	(13) "Foreign corporation" means a corporation that is not incorporated or organized
922	under the laws of this state.
923	(14) (a) "Foreign operating company" means a corporation that:
924	(i) is incorporated in the United States; and

925 (ii) 80% or more of whose business activity, as determined under Section 59-7-401, is 926 conducted outside the United States. 927 (b) "Foreign operating company" does not include a corporation that qualifies for the 928 Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code. 929 (15) "Foreign sales corporation" means a corporation as defined in Section 922, 930 Internal Revenue Code. 931 (16) "Income" includes losses. 932 (17) "Internal Revenue Code" means Title 26 of the United States Code as effective 933 during the year in which Utah taxable income is determined. 934 (18) "Nonbusiness income" means income as defined in Section 59-7-302. 935 (19) "Nonresident shareholder" means any shareholder of an S corporation who on the 936 last day of the taxable year of the S corporation, is: 937 (a) an individual not domiciled in Utah; or 938 (b) a nonresident trust or nonresident estate, as defined in Section 59-10-103. 939 (20) "Related expenses" means: 940 (a) expenses directly attributable to nonbusiness income; and 941 (b) the portion of interest or other expense indirectly attributable to both nonbusiness 942 and business income which bears the same ratio to the aggregate amount of such interest or 943 other expense, determined without regard to this Subsection (20), as the average amount of the 944 asset producing the nonbusiness income bears to the average amount of all assets of the 945 taxpayer within the taxable year. 946 (21) "Resident shareholder" means any shareholder of an S corporation who is not a 947 nonresident shareholder. 948 (22) "S corporation" means a small business corporation as defined in Section 1361, 949 Internal Revenue Code. 950 (23) "Safe harbor lease" means a lease that qualified as a safe harbor lease under 951 Section 168, Internal Revenue Code. 952 (24) "State of the United States" includes any of the 50 states or the District of 953 Columbia and "United States" includes the 50 states and the District of Columbia. 954 (25) (a) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the fiscal year ending during such

calendar year upon the basis of which the adjusted income is computed.

- (b) In the case of a return made for a fractional part of a year under this chapter or under rules prescribed by the commission, "taxable year" includes the period for which such return is made.
 - (26) "Taxpayer" means any corporation subject to the tax imposed by this chapter.
- (27) "Threshold level of business activity" means business activity in the United States equal to or greater than 20% of the corporation's total business activity as determined under Section 59-7-401.
- (28) Except as provided in Section 59-7-102, "unadjusted income" means federal taxable income as determined on a separate return basis before intercompany eliminations as determined by the Internal Revenue Code, before the net operating loss deduction and special deductions for dividends received.
 - (29) (a) "Unitary group" means a group of corporations that:
 - (i) are related through common ownership; and
- (ii) by a preponderance of the evidence as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction or the commission, are economically interdependent with one another as demonstrated by the following factors:
 - (A) centralized management;
 - (B) functional integration;
- 974 (C) economies of scale.
- 975 (b) "Unitary group" does not include S corporations.
 - (30) "Utah net loss" means the current year Utah taxable income before Utah net loss deduction, if determined to be less than zero.
 - (31) "Utah net loss deduction" means the amount of Utah net losses from other taxable years that may be carried back or carried forward to the current taxable year in accordance with Section 59-7-110.
 - (32) (a) "Utah taxable income" means Utah taxable income before net loss deduction less Utah net loss deduction.
 - (b) "Utah taxable income" includes income from tangible or intangible property located or having situs in this state, regardless of whether carried on in intrastate, interstate, or foreign commerce.
 - (33) "Utah taxable income before net loss deduction" means apportioned income plus

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987	nonbusiness income allocable to Utah net of related expenses.
988	(34) (a) "Water's edge combined report" means a report combining the income and
989	activities of:
990	(i) all members of a unitary group that are:
991	(A) corporations organized or incorporated in the United States, including those
992	corporations qualifying for the Puerto Rico and Possession Tax Credit as provided in Section
993	936, Internal Revenue Code, in accordance with Subsection (34)(b); and
994	(B) corporations organized or incorporated outside of the United States meeting the
995	threshold level of business activity; and
996	(ii) an affiliated group electing to file a water's edge combined report under Subsection
997	59-7-402(2).
998	(b) There is a rebuttable presumption that a corporation which qualifies for the Puerto
999	Rico and Possession Tax Credit provided in Section 936, Internal Revenue Code, is part of a
1000	unitary group.
1001	(35) "Worldwide combined report" means the combination of the income and activities
1002	of all members of a unitary group irrespective of the country in which the corporations are
1003	incorporated or conduct business activity.
1004	Section 18. Section 59-7-102 is amended to read:
1005	59-7-102. Exemptions.
1006	(1) Except as provided in this section, the following are exempt from this chapter:
1007	(a) an organization exempt under Section 501, Internal Revenue Code;
1008	(b) an organization exempt under Section 528, Internal Revenue Code;
1009	(c) an insurance company that is otherwise taxed on the insurance company's premiums
1010	under Chapter 9, Taxation of Admitted Insurers;
1011	(d) a building authority as defined in Section 17A-3-902;
1012	(e) a farmers' cooperative; or
1013	(f) a public agency, as defined in Section 11-13-103, with respect to or as a result of an
1014	ownership interest in:
1015	(i) a project, as defined in Section 11-13-103; or

(ii) facilities providing additional project capacity, as defined in Section 11-13-103.

(2) Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter or Chapter 8, Gross Receipts

1018	Tax on Certain Corporations Not Required to Pay Corporate Franchise or Income Tax Act, a
1019	person not otherwise subject to the tax imposed by this chapter or Chapter 8 is not subject to
1020	the tax imposed by Sections 59-7-104, 59-7-201, 59-7-701, and 59-8-104, because of:
1021	(a) that person's ownership of tangible personal property located at the premises of a
1022	printer's facility in this state with which the person has contracted for printing; or
1023	(b) the activities of the person's employees or agents who are:
1024	(i) located solely at the premises of a printer's facility; and
1025	(ii) performing services:
1026	(A) related to:
1027	(I) quality control;
1028	(II) distribution; or
1029	(III) printing services; and
1030	(B) performed by the printer's facility in this state with which the person has contracted
1031	for printing.
1032	(3) Notwithstanding Subsection (1), an organization, company, authority, farmers'
1033	cooperative, or public agency exempt from this chapter under Subsection (1) is subject to Part
1034	8, Unrelated Business Income, to the extent provided in Part 8.
1035	(4) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(b), to the extent the income of an organization
1036	described in Subsection (1)(b) is taxable for federal tax purposes under Section 528, Internal
1037	Revenue Code, the organization's income is also taxable under this chapter.
1038	(5) (a) Notwithstanding Subsection (1)(a), a nonexempt credit union, as defined in
1039	Section 7-9-3, is not exempt from this chapter:
1040	(i) beginning on the first day of the month immediately following the day on which the
1041	nonexempt credit union becomes a nonexempt credit union under Section 7-9-55; and
1042	(ii) ending the last day of the month in which the commissioner determines in
1043	accordance with Section 7-9-55 that the nonexempt credit union is no longer a nonexempt
1044	credit union.
1045	(b) Notwithstanding Section 59-7-101, the unadjusted income of a nonexempt credit
1046	union that is subject to this chapter in accordance with Subsection (5)(a) is an amount equal to
1047	the federal taxable income the nonexempt credit union would have if the nonexempt credit
1048	union were subject to a federal income tax in the same manner as a state-chartered bank:

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1049	(i) determined on a separate return basis before intercompany eliminations as
1050	determined by the Internal Revenue Code; and
1051	(ii) before:
1052	(A) the net operating loss deduction; and
1053	(B) special deductions for dividends received.
1054	Section 19. Repealer.
1055	This act repeals:
1056	Section 7-9-39.5, Supervisory merger.
1057	Section 7-9-53, Grandfathering.
1058	Section 7-9-54, Electing to terminate grandfathering.